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Composition and Language II

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1. Ballenger discusses examining a topic through various “lenses” in order to broaden your perspective. Define the metaphor in your own words. What are the various lenses through which you can look?

A metaphor to some people would be a phrase that people can help others to be motivated or help in a certain degree. Most people would use a metaphor when something interest happens or if having trouble with a certain ideal or project they are doing. The people who use metaphors mainly are people who attain a leadership role or want to be in a leadership role. What Ballenger discusses about these lenses have to deal with a unique window of this complex world for leadership. There are three lenses that we can look through which are development, ecological and governance are three things that also are examples of a role of leadership. The development lenses is a view of a multilevel of growth. The core values and mindsets help a leadership which helps influence a shift in transformation. I have used many metaphors to someone how to look at a situation when doing something or help them along with getting through life. The second lenses is ecological which is distributed through various environments and structure across many organizations. This lenses is referring to using leadership skills within a group or small team. The leadership lens is based on embedded nature of decision making, guidance and setting of direction for micro-encounters between people in functioning of groups and committees as well as project teams. The third lenses is the governance lens is a multi-level nature of power and decision making throughout any organization. A more sense on the governance lens would be leadership and followership as co-creative partners in a productive systems has a organizational management and regulation. Metaphor is a great way to show example for many things which isn’t literally applicable.